

39th ANNUAL REPORT 2020-2021

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

K. N. KHANDELWAL - Chairman

V. N. KHANDELWAL - Whole Time Director (Works)

DINESH KHANDELWAL - Whole Time Director (Finance) & CFO

ASHOK GUPTA - Independent Director
ATUL BAGLA - Independent Director
ANIL KAMTHAN - Independent Director
REKHA KEJRIWAL - Independent Director

COMPANY SECRETARY

MOHIT SRIVASTAVA

CIN: L24241UP1981PLC005282

REGISTERED OFFICE: Website: www.khandelwalextractions.com

51/47, NAYAGANJ, KANPUR – 208 001 Email: kelknp@yahoo.com

WORKS:

AKRAMPUR – MAGARWARA

DISTT. UNNAO (UTTAR PRADESH)

AUDITORS:

M/S. GUPTA VAISH & CO., KANPUR

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NOTICE is hereby given that the 39th Annual General Meeting of Khandelwal Extractions Ltd. will be held at 50 MIG Bungalow, W Block, Keshav Nagar, Kanpur-208014 on Saturday, the 25th September, 2021 at 4:00 P.M, to transact the following business: ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021 and Report of the Board of Directors and Auditors' thereon.
- To appoint a Director in place of Shri Dinesh Khandelwal (DIN: 00161831), who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution(s)

As Special Resolution:

Authorisation under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 186 and Section 177 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, ("the Act") read with the relevant rules made thereunder including SEBI Regulations to the extent applicable any amendment thereto or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force, if any, consent of the shareholders of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred to as " the Board" which term shall be deemed to include any Committee of the Board) for making investment(s) in excess of limits specified under Section 186 of the Act from time to time by way of acquisition of securities of any body corporate/institution or for giving loans to any body corporate or other person /entity or invest in Mutual Funds, as may be considered appropriate for an amount outstanding any time not exceeding Rs.10.00.00.000 (Rupees Ten Crores Only) notwithstanding that such investments and acquisitions in securities together with existing investments of the Company in all other body corporate/institution, loans given or to be given and securities provided shall be in excess of the limits prescribed under Section 186 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 or any other applicable provisions

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to the above resolution, the Board be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds and things and to take such steps as may be necessary for obtaining approvals, statutory or otherwise, in relation to the above and to all matters arising out of and incidental thereto and to sign and to execute deeds, applications, documents and file returns with Registrar of Companies, that may be required, on behalf of the Company and generally to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary, proper, expedient or incidental for giving effect to this resolution."

By Order of the Board of Directors

Regd. Office 51/47, Nayaganj, Kanpur – 208 001 Dated: 14th August, 2021

CS MOHIT SRIVASTAVA

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 A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL
 MEETING (THE "MEETING") IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND
 AND VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF / HERSELF AND SUCH PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. A person can act as proxy on behalf of members not exceeding 50 (fifty) and holding in aggregate not more than 10% of total share capital of the company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder. The instrument of proxy in order to be effective must be received by the Company not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the annual general meeting. A Proxy form is annexed herewith and same is available on the Company's website www.khandelwalextractions.com, Proxies submitted on behalf of the Companies must be supported by an appropriate resolution/authority as applicable.
- The Register of members and Share Transfer books of the Company will remain
- closed from 19th September, 2021 to 25th September, 2021 (both days inclusive).

 Brief resume of the Director proposed to be re-appointed along with such other details as stipulated under Regulation 36(3) of SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended, and
- Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2), are provided in this Notice.

 The Company has entered into necessary arrangements with National Securities
 Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) to enable the shareholders to dematerialize their shareholding in the Company for which they may contact the Depository Participant of the above Depositories. The Company's ISIN No. is INE687W01010. In view of applicability of Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") notification dated 08th June, 2018, which has mandated that the requests for transfer of securities shall take place only in dematerialized form w.e.f 01st April, 2019; members are requested to dematerialize their securities with NSDL/CDSL in order to avoid any hassle while transferring the securities in future. The Company's ISIN No. is INE687W01010.
- Members are requested to lodge Share Transfer documents and all other correspondences and queries relating to Share Transfer, Share Certificates, Change of Address etc., to the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent ("RTA") i.e. M/s Alankit Assignments Limited having its office at 205-208, Anarkali Complex, Jhandewalan Extension , New Delhi- 110055
- Members holding shares in physical mode are requested to communicate their change of postal address (enclose copy of Aadhar Card), e-mail address, if any, PAN (enclose self attested copy of PAN Card) and Bank account details (enclose cancelled cheque leaf) quoting their folio numbers to the RTA at their email id rta@alankit.com. Similarly members holding shares in Demat form shall intimate the above details to their respective Depository Participants. For any assistance, the member(s) may contact Mr. Dinesh Khandelwal –Director (Finance) & CFO on mobile no.

9415330630 or 8081252221 or e-mail at kelknp@yahoo.com

Members are advised to register the nomination in respect of shareholding in
Company. The nomination form (SH-13) is put on website and can be accessed at link ndelwalextractions com

- NRI may submit the information to RTA regarding change in residential status, particulars of bank account.
- In terms of Section 108 of the Companies Act 2013 read with relevant applicable rules

and pursuant to Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has made arrangement of e -voting hrough CDS. Members have option to cast their vote by using electronic voting system from a place other than the venue of the meeting (remote e-voting). Members who wish to cast the vote at AGM shall be provided a Ballot to cast their vote. The members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting may also attend the meeting but shall not be entitled to cast/change their vote again in the meeting. Information and instructions relating to e-voting are provided at end of the notice. The details of User ID

- and Password relating to e-voting are sent herewith.

 Members who have not yet exchanged their allotment letters are requested to send allotment letters to the Company for exchange of certificates which is mandatory
- requirements for getting the holdings in demat form.

 The voting rights of the members shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid up share capital of the Company as on the cut off date i.e. 18" September, 2021. The poll process shall be conducted and scrutinized and report thereon will be prepared in accordance with Section 109 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time. The Company has appointed M/s. Banthia & Co. (Prop. Mr. G.K. Banthia) of Kanpur, Practicing Company Secretaries (C.P. No. 1405) as the Scrutinizer for conducting the
- e-voting and polling process in fair and transparent manner who have consented to be available for the same
- The scrutinizer after scrutinizing the votes cast at the meeting and through remote e-voting, will, not later than three days of conclusion of the meeting, make a consolidated scrutinizer's report and submit the same to the Chairman. The results declared along with the consolidated scrutinizer's report shall be placed on the website of the Company www.khandelwalextractions.com and on the website of CDSL www.evotingindia.com. The results will simultaneously be communicated to the Stock Exchange(s).
- Subject to receipt of requisite number of votes, the Resolutions shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the Meeting, i.e 25" September, 2021.
 Register of Directors and KMP and their Shareholding maintained u/s 170, Register of
- contracts and arrangements in which Directors are interested u/s 189 shall be open for inspection of the member during AGM.
- A Route Map showing directions to reach the venue of AGM is attached at the end of this Annual Report as per the requirement of the Secretarial Standard -2 on General Meetings.
 In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated January 15.
- 2021 read with Circular dated May 12, 2020, Electronic copy of the Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2020-21 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2020-21 will also be available on the Company's website www.handelvalextractions.com. The notice can also be accessed from the website of BSE Limited at www.bscindia.com and website of CDSL at www.evotingindia.com
- All documents referred to in the accompanying notice shall be open for inspection at the registered office of the Company between 02:00 pm to 04:00 pm on all working days except Saturday up to the date of Annual General Meeting
- Details of Dinesh Khandelwal seeking re-appointment:

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DIN	00161831
Designation	Whole-time Director (Finance) & CFO
Date of Birth	01.06.1953
Qualification	Commerce Graduate
Date of first appointment on Board	24.04.1981
Brief resume /Expertise in specific functional areas of Director	One of the promoter Directors, associated with the Company since inception, Experience of over 40 years in Company's finances, banking and commercial functions, Devotes full time attention in the Company's affairs
Directorship/Membership/Chairmanship held in Committees of Board of other Companies	Nil
Shareholding in the Company	42000 equity shares
Relationship with other directors inter-se	Brother of Mr. Kailash Nath Khandelwal and Mr. Vishwa Nath Khandelwal
No. of Board meetings attended in the year 2020-21	4
Remuneration last drawn (FY 2020-21)	Details in Form MGT-9

THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:

- Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
- Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode. The voting period begins on 22th September, 2021 (10:00 am) and ends on 24th September, 2021 (5:00 pm). During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of 18th September, 2021 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level. Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

maintenance of multiple user IDS and passwords by the snarenoloers. In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in

voting process

Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual

Step 1: Access nirrough Depositories CUSLINSUL e-voting system in case or individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

(iv) In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat

accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their oxisting user id and password. Option will be made available to reach ev-duting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi Easiest are hittes/wheb.colaimdia.com/myeasihmentogia or visit www.colaimdia.com and click on Egyln icon and select New System Myeasi. When the Colaim is the Colaim is a select New System Myeasi. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voling option for eligible companies where the e-voling is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the e-voling option, the user will be able to see e-Voling page of the e-Voling is envice provider for casting your vole during the remote e-Voling period. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voling Service Providers is. CDSL/NSDL/RARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voling service providers website directly. If the user is not registered for EasiEasets, option to register is available at https://www.nbc.stindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiEasets.pitation to reside the surface of the colaim service providers website directly. If the user is not registered for EasiEasets, option to register is available at https://www.nbc.stindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiEasets.pitati
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nscid.com/ether on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the 'Beneficial Owner' icon under Login' which is available under 'DeA's section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and 'Password'. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or Voting service provider make and you will be reflected to e-Voting service provider make and you will be reflected to e-Voting service provider make and you will be reflected to the company name or Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period. If the user is not registered for IDAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://www.woviches.nsd.com/scurvive/beldeas/DrestRegs 3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.woviching.nsd.com/scurvive/beldeas/DrestRegs 3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.woviching.nsd.com/scurvive/beldeas/DrestRegs.by typing the following URL:

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.
Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022-23058738 and 22-23058542-43.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in sical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode

- Login method for e-Voting for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.
 - The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com
 - Click on "Shareholders" module. Now enter your User ID
 - 3) For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - h For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number C. registered with the Company.
 - Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.

 - If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then our existing password is to be used.
 - If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric "PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.

- After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
 Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
 For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
 Click on the EVSN of Khandelwal Extractions Limited on which you choose to vote.
 On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YESNO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES in that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.

- that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution. Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details. After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CNNCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.

 Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your (xiii)
- You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the
- Voting page. If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the
- Additional Facility for Non Individual Shareholders and Custodians –For Remote Voting only.
 - Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
 - A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
 - After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which
 - gin and password. The compilance user would be able to link the account(s) for which ey wish to vote on.

 he list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to elpdesk evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to
 - A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

 Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz. kelknp@vahoo.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL evoling system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

 PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT PREGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/INFEROSCIPORES.

REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

- For Physical shareholders- Please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), ADAIPAR (self attested scanned copy of PAN card
- copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company/RTA email id.

 For Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)

 For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting, If you have any queries or issues regarding e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk evoting@cdslimdia.com or contact at 022-23058738 and 022-23058542/43.
 - All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be address Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathor Futurex, Mafatala Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East) Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to <a href="https://limited.com/limited/limi

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT.

Item No. 3

Members may note that the Company has initiated the sales of plant and machinery and the process has been begun. The Company has also leased out some godown on rent and in the process it may have surplus funds till its final disposal. The Board of Directors of the Company proposes to deploy the surplus funds by making investment in Mutual Funds in securities of other bodies corporate/institution or granting loans to other body corporate/institution or person/ientity as and when required to earn reasonable return. Further it is in process of sale/leases of remaining assets.

Members may note that pursuant to Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), the Company can cive Jong or the arm quarantee or provide security in connection with a land to any other body.

can give loan or give any guarantee or provide security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person and acquire securities of any other body corporate, in excess of 60% of its paid up share capital, free reserves and securities premium account or 100% of its free reserves and securities premium account, whichever is more, with approval of members by special resolution securities premium account, whichever is more, with approval of members by special resolution passed at the general meeting. The Audit Committee has already recommended to the Board the propose investment/acquisition of securities u/s 186 of the Act. In view of the aforesaid, it is proposed to take approval under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, by way of special resolution, up to a limit of Rs.10 Crores, as proposed in the notice, notwithstanding that same exceeds the limit u/s 186 of the Act. The above proposal is in the interest of the Company and the Board recommends the Resolution as set out at Item No. 3 for approval by the members of the Company.

Board recomments the resolution as Section 2......
Company.
None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are in any way concerned with or interested, financially or otherwise in the resolution at Item No. 3 of the accompanying notice. The Board recommends the resolution at Item No. 3 to be passed as Special Resolution.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Members.

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting Company's 39th Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31th, 2021.

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

	(Rs. in Lakhs)
Other Income	17.29
Loss before Interest and Depreciation	(23.38)
Add : Interest	(7.20)
Depreciation	(5.12)
Tax Credit	10.43
(including Deferred Tax)	
Loss after tax	(25.27)
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	-
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(25.27)

2. HIGHLIGHTS OF PERFORMANCE

During the year, the Company's working resulted in loss before interest and depreciation of Rs. 23.38 lakhs. As reported earlier, the Company's solvent extraction operations were closed from November 2018 and it has income only from Interest Rs. 17.29 lakhs. The Company's assessment under Income Tax Act, 1961 is completed unto A.Y. 2020-21 and there was no outstanding demand.

Impact of COVID-19: There was no impact of COVID-19 on the financial statements of the Company as its operations are totally closed. However, COVID-19 affected the management efforts to sell/lease out assets to generate income.

Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS)-IFRS Converged Standards.

The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) with effect from 1st April, 2017 pursuant to Ministry of Corporate Affairs' notification of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 and the Annual Accounts of 2020-21. has been drawn in terms of provisions of the Ind-AS.

Future Outlook:

The management expects that once the business situation normalizes it shall be able to lease the company's assets/lease of remaining godowns in pursuance of approval of shareholders accorded at AGM dated 29th September, 2018 to generate some income in future.

3. TRANSFER TO RESERVES

In view of losses incurred by the Company for the F.Y. 2020-21, no amount has been transferred to General Reserve.

4. DIVIDEND

In view of losses during F.Y. 2020-21, the Board of Directors have not recommended dividend on Equity shares.

5. SHARE CAPITAL

The Company's Authorized Capital remains unchanged at Rs. 200 Lakhs. The Paid up Equity Share Capital of the Company as on the date of Balance Sheet stands unchanged at Rs. 85,01,000/- (comprising of 8,50,100 Equity shares of Rs. 10/each).

6. FIXED DEPOSITS

Your Company has not invited any deposits during the financial year under review.

7. SUBSIDIARIES

Your Company does not have any subsidiary within the meaning of the Companies Act, 2013. During the financial year ended 31st March 2021, no entity became or ceased to be the subsidiary, joint venture or associate of the Company.

8. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

a. In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, Mr. Dinesh Khandelwal (DIN: 00161831), Whole-time Director (Finance) & CFO, retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment to the Board.

Pursuant to the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Fifth Amendment Rules, 2019, all Independent Directors have registered their name in the data bank of Independent Directors.

All Independent Directors have given declarations of compliance of Rule 6(1) & (2) of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 as amended along with the declaration that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

b. Mr. Dinesh Khandelwal, Whole-time Director (Finance) & CFO; Mr. Vishwa Nath Khandelwal (DIN: 00161893), Whole-time Director (Works) and Ms. Surabhi Pasari (Resigned w.e.f. 11.02.2021) & Mr. Mohit Srivastava (Appointed w.e.f 12.02.2021), Company Secretary and Compliance Officer are the Key Managerial Personnel of your Company.

9. BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013; the Nomination and Remuneration Committee formulated the criteria for evaluation of the performance of the Board of Directors, its various Committees constituted as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and individual directors. Based on that, the Board of Directors carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance and of its various Committees viz. Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholder Relationship Committee and Committee of Directors and expressed their satisfaction with its performance and performance of its Committees. The Board of Directors also evaluated the performance of individual Director on the basis of self-appraisal and expressed their satisfactory performance. The Board of

Directors also carried out an annual performance evaluation of its Independent Directors and expressed their satisfaction with their functioning / performance. In terms of Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013, the Independent Directors also convened a separate meeting for this purpose and evaluated the performance of Chairman and Non-Independent Directors.

10. REMUNERATION POLICY

The Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has framed a policy which lays down a framework in relation to remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of the Company. The Policy covers the criteria for selection and appointment of Board Members and senior management and their remuneration. The Company's Remuneration Policy is based on the principles of (i) Pay for Responsibility and Duties, (ii) Pay for Potential and (iii) Pay for growth of the Company.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is vested with powers to determine yearly increments/salary increase of Executive Directors/ KMPs and one level below based on their performance and contribution towards profitability and sustainability of Company. Non Executive Directors are paid only sitting fee which is decided by Nomination & Remuneration Committee.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The management is exploring possibilities of sale/lease of Company's undertaking/assets which will be the only source of income of the Company in tuture. The new business involves risks of different nature. The new policy shall be framed as and when desired.

2. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

The Company has an adequate system of internal control relating to purchase/sales of stores, raw materials including components plant & machinery, equipments and other similar assets and for the sale of goods commensurate with the size of the Company and nature of its business. The Company has also Internal Control System for speedy compilation of Accounts and Management Information Reports and to comply with applicable laws and regulations. The Company has a well defined organizational structure, authority levels and internal rules and regulations for conducting business transactions suitable to the size of the business.

The Company has already formed an Audit Committee which met four times in a year. Audit Committee also ensures proper compliance with the provisions of The Companies Act, 2013 and also reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control environment and monitors implementation of internal audit recommendations. Besides the above, Audit Committee is actively engaged in overseeing financial disclosures and in reviewing your Company's risk management policies.

13. INTERNAL FINANCE CONTROLS

In accordance with Section 134(5)(e) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has Internal Financial Controls Policy by means of policies and procedures commensurate with the size & nature of its operations and pertaining to financial reporting. In accordance with Rule 8(5)(viii) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, it is hereby confirmed that the Internal Financial Controls are adequate with reference to the financial statements.

14. WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY/ VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has a Whistle Blower Policy to report genuine concerns or grievances detrimental to the interest of the Company. The Whistle Blower Policy has been posted on the website of the Company.

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year were on an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business and the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not attracted. There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. Thus, disclosure in Form AOC-2 was not required. Details of transactions made are disclosed in financial statements. All related party transactions are presented to the Audit Committee and the Board. Omnibus approval of Audit Committee was obtained for the transactions which are foreseen and repetitive in nature.

16. STATUTORY AUDITORS AND THEIR REPORT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under M/s. Gupta Vaish & Co., Kanpur, Chartered Accountants, (ICAI Registration No 005087C), were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company at the Thirty Fifth (35th) Annual General Meeting to hold office for a term of 5 years from the conclusion of 35"Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of Fortieth (40th) Annual General Meeting.

M/s. Gupta Vaish & Co have confirmed their eligibility and qualification required under Sections 139, 141 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules issued thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or reenactment(s) thereof for the time being in force).

In accordance with Notification dated 7th May, 2018 of Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the ratification of appointment of Statutory Auditors at every AGM is not required. Accordingly, the ratification of appointment of statutory auditors does not form part of the Notice convening ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks or disclaimer made in the Auditor's Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021 which requires any clarification or explanation. However, Auditors have drawn attention of

shareholders on Company's ability as a going concern. The matter is adequately covered in Note No. 25 of the financial statements.

17. SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of The Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under, M/s. Banthia & Co, Practicing Company Secretary (CP No. 1405), Kanpur, were appointed to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2021. The Practicing Company Secretary has submitted his Report on the secretarial audit which is annexed as **Annexure I** to this Directors' Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any adverse observation or qualification requiring explanation or comments from the Board under Section 134(3)(f) of the Companies Act, 2013.

18. DETAILS IN RESPECT OF FRAUDS REPORTED BY AUDITORS

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 143 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013, no instance of fraud has been reported by the auditors against the Company.

19. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

- Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act 2013, your Directors confirm that:

 a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed with no material departure:
 - b) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for the same period;
 - c) they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities:
 - d) they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
 - e) they have laid down internal financial controls in the Company that are adequate and are operating effectively; and
 - they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that these are adequate and are operating effectively.

20. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no material changes or commitments made by the Company affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of financial year and date of the Report. However, subsequent to close of the year and after receding affect of COVID-19 the management has been successful to give few godowns on short term lease to one of the reputed corporate house to generate income to meet its routine general expenses and any unforeseen liability. Further it could finalise the sale of plant and machinery which was necessary as due to wear and tear on account of non use its realizable value was decreasing year by year.

21. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT & MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNAL

No significant and material orders have been passed by any Regulator or Court or Tribunal impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

22. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Company has closed its present operations of manufacturing of rice bran oil/de-oiled rice bran. It is exploring possibilities to new business which is yet to take place.

23. STATUTORY DISCLOSURES:

i. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is exempted from compliance of Corporate Governance provisions as per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

ii. ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 the Annual Return as on 31st March, 2021 is available on the website of the Company and can be accessed at http://www.khandelwalextractions.com/annuancements.html

iii. MEETINGS OF THE BOARD AND COMMITTEE HELD DURING THE

- a. The Board of Directors met four times during the year on 27.06.2020, 14.08.2020, 06.11.2020 and 12.02.2021. All the Directors were present in all the meetings.
- b. The Audit Committee formed under Section 177 of Companies Act, 2013, consisting of Mr. Ashok Gupta, Chairman; Mr. Atul Bagla and Mr. K.N.Khandelwal met four times during the year on 27.06.2020, 14.08.2020, 06.11.2020 and 12.02.2021. All the members were present in all the meetings.
- c. During the year, Nomination and Remuneration Committee consisting of Mr. Ashok Gupta, Chairman; Mr. Atul Bagla, Mr. Anil Kamthan and Mr. K.N. Khandelwal met two times during the year on 27.06.2020 and 12.02.2021. All the members were present in the meeting.
- d. The Stake Holders Relationship Committee consisting of Mr. Anil Kamthan, Chairman; Mr. K.N. Khandelwal and Mr. Dinesh Khandelwal met once on 25.03.2021 to take note of investor complaints/grievances. All the members were present in the meeting.
- e. Independent Directors held a meeting on 25.03.2021 to assess /evaluate the performance of Chairman and Non-Independent Directors and concluded their satisfaction on their performances.

iv. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Corporate Social Responsibility is not applicable to the Company.

v. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 186: LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Loans and investments were made for deployment of surplus funds which are within the limits as prescribed u/s 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Details are given in financial statements annexed in the Annual Report for F.Y. 2020-21.

vi. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

Information required in "Form A" is not being given as our unit does not fall under specified industry mentioned in the relevant schedule.

vii. TECHNOLOGYABSORPTION

The Company's plant has been designed on the continuous process technology of M/s. Extractions Technik, Gmbh, Germany. No expenditure has been incurred in in-house research and development.

viii. IMPORTS / EXPORTS AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

There was no import/export and no foreign exchange earnings and outgo incurred during the year under review.

REMUNERATION PAID TO EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AND KEY

ix. REMUNERATION PAID TO EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNAL

Details of remuneration paid to Directors, KMPs are given in Form No. MGT-9 (available on the website of the Company). Further, details as required under Rule 5(1) of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014 read with section 197(12) of the Act, are same as per previous year. No new employee was employed during the year except replacement of Company Secretary. Also no increase in salary was given to any employee. Executive directors have been paid minimum remuneration as approved by the Shareholders. Non-executive Directors have been paid only sitting fees.

There was no employee getting salary in excess of the limit as specified under Rule 5(2) of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014 read with section 197(12) of the Act, throughout or part of the year under review.

x. SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

No complaint has been received under the aforesaid Act during the year under reference.

xi. Your Directors recommend for your approval to the resolution seeking increase in the limit u/s 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 to empower them to make investments etc. of the surplus funds so generated out of sale /lease of assate

24. ENVIORNMENT AND SAFETY

The Company's plant is closed hence there is no question of any pollution of any sort. It has taken all necessary precautions and action for safety of its assets and properties and all approvals necessary are in place.

25. LISTING OF EQUITY SHARES

The Equity shares continue to be listed with BSE Ltd. The Company has paid the Annual Listing fee for the year 2020-21 to the said stock exchange.

26. DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES/APPOINTMENT OF RTA

The Company has necessary arrangement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) to enable the shareholders to dematerialize their shareholding in the Company for which they may contact the Depository Participant of the above Depository. The Company's ISIN No. is INE687W01010.

M/s Alankit Assignments Limited, New Delhi continues as its Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) for providing services in respect of transfer and dematerialization of securities of the Company with NSDL/CDSL.

27. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

After seeking necessary approvals, the management has been trying for sale/lease of the plant/undertaking. Few proposals for leasing the godowns were under final stage but could not be implemented due to constraints which were being removed but COVID-19 now resulted in collapse of these. As a result of constant efforts, subsequent to close of the year, the management has leased out some godowns for short term period and efforts are on to give on lease remaining godowns also once these are made fit to suit the requirements of the lessees which requires some expenditure also.

28. COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECRETARIAL STANDARD

The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards, SS-1 on Meetings of the Board of Directors and SS-2, SS-3 and SS-4 on General Meetings and Board Meeting issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

29. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Your Directors thank all the Stakeholders including employees for their continued support to your Company.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

K N KHANDELWAL (CHAIRMAN)

Date: 14.08.2021

Place: Kannur

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Annexure - I

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st March, 2021

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

The Members, Khandelwal Extractions Ltd. 51/47,NayaGanj

Kanpur 208001

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Khandelwal Extractions Ltd. (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, Agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to me and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry Of Corporate Affairs/other Authorities warranted due to spread of Covid-19 pandemic, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2021 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinaffler.

I have relied upon the accuracy of the documents and information as shared by the Company with me through appropriate Information Technology tools to assist us in completing the secretarial audit work during lock down period due to pandemic Covid-19 and the same is subject to physical verification by me post normalization of the situation.

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Khandelwal Extractions Ltd. for the financial year ended on $31^{\rm sT}$ March, 2021 according to the provisions of:

- (1) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
- (2) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under:
- (3) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under:
- (4) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under.
- (5) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act')
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of
 - Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider
 - Trading) Regulations, 2015;

 (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009; (Not applicable during the
 - Audit Period)

 (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 2014.(Not
 - applicable during the Audit Period).
 (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; (Not applicable during the Audit Period).
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with clients;
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; (Not applicable during the Audit Period)
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (Not applicable during the Audit Period)
- (6) I further report that reliance has been placed on the management representation by company for compliances and systems and mechanisms formed by the Company on compliance with other laws; there is no specific Law applicable to the Company:

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (iii) The Listing Agreement(LODR)entered into by the Company with the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited. Shares of the Company are listed at Bombay Stock Exchange Limited. For transfer of shares to suspense account as per clause 39 of LODR Regulations, letters has been issued to the concerned shareholders for claiming undelivered/unclaimed shares of physical segment and the compliance is under process.

(UP Stock Exchange ceased to be a recognized Stock Exchange in June 2015. Listing Agreement with said Exchange also ceased).

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

I have relied on the information and representation made by the Company and its Officers for systems and mechanism formed by the Company for compliances under other applicable Acts, Laws, and Regulations to the Company.

I further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Director, Non-Executive Director and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance/ as per applicable provisions, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committee(s) of the Board, as the case may be.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period, there were no other events having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines etc. except the following:

- (i) The Company closed its plant and manufacturing operations in November 2018; Obtained members consent for sale, lease or otherwise dispose off the whole or substantially the whole of undertaking of the Company in the Annual General Meeting of September 2018; Steps to find suitable buyer is in process.
- (ii) As per Exchange regulatory filing of Financial Results for previous year, since Manufacturing operations closed from November 2018 and company resolved for sale, lease or otherwise dispose off the whole or substantially the whole of undertaking of the Company there is significant doubt upon entity's ability to continue as going concern.
 - In opinion of management realizable value of assets is not lower than amount appearing in books and therefore, there is no need to provide for any impairment loss.
- (iii) Since Company's Plant/Operations remain closed from November 2018, there is no impact of COVID-19 on the Financial Performance of the Company.

Signature Banthia And Company

Place :Kanpur Date : June 25, 2021

Date: June 25, 2021 UDIN: A004933C000512286 G.K.Banthia (Prop.)

ACS No.:4933; C P No.:1405

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure A** and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure A

To,

The Members Khandelwal Extractions Ltd. 51/47,NayaGanj

Kanpur 208001.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- It is the responsibility of the management of the company to maintain secretarial record, devise proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all the applicable laws and to ensure that the systems are adequate and operate effectively.
- $2. Our \, responsibility \, is \, to \, express \, an \, opinion \, on \, these \, \, secretarial \, records \, based \, on \, our \, audit.$
- 3. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of finance records and Books of Accounts of the company.
- 5. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc. Disclaimer:
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Signature Banthia And Company

G.K.Banthia (Prop.) ACS No.:4933; C P No.:1405

Place :Kanpur Date : June 25, 2021 UDIN : A004933C000512286

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2021, and the statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended , ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and the loss. Total Comprehensive Income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the water certified or that date. r ended on that date

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our fiscient and converging to the control of the contro is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note No 25 of the financial statements which describes the following matters :Manufacturing operations at Akrampur Magarwara factory had been closed on $\bar{1}$ November 2018. There is significant doubt upon the entity's ability to continue as a going

concern, as the Company has planned to sell or lease or otherwise dispose off the whole or substantially the whole of theundertaking situated at Akrampur-Magarwara, Distt. Unnao. However, the management is of the opinion that realizable value of all assets is not lower than the amount appearing in the books and therefore there is no need to provide for any impairment loss.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended March 31 2021.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key Audit Matters to be

OHIIIO	unicated in our reports.	
SI	Reporting	How was the Key Audit
no.		Matter addressed in the audit
1	Assessment of Deferred Tax Assets recognized by the company on carry for ward of losses Rs. 217.58 lacs. The recognition and measurement of deferred tax Items require determination of difference between the recognition and the measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses in accordance with the Income Tax Act and other applicable tax laws including application of ICDS and financial reporting in accordance with Ind AS. Assessment of deferred tax assets is done by the management at the close of each financial year taking into account forecast of future taxable results. We have considered the assessment of deferred tax liabilities and assets as a Key Matter due to the importance of management estimation and judgement and a materiality of the amount.	Principal Audit Procedure Performed i We have tested the period over which the deferred tax assets on unabsorbed losses would be recovered against future taxable income. ii We have tested the management under lying assumption and judgement in estimating the future taxable income against which unabsorbed losses would be recovered.

Information Other than the financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do

Our opinion on the inflancial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our auditor otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that facts, we have

nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the financial statements

Management's Responsibility for the financial statements
The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of
the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial
statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance,
Total Comprehensive Income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in
accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.
This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in
accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company
and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application
of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable
and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial
controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the
accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud

or error.

In preparing the financial statements , management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless

management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial

reporting process

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements

- these financial statements.

 As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

 Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operatine effectiveness of such controls.
- operating effectiveness of such controls.
- operating effectiveness of such controls.

 Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

 Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, ability to continue as a going concern. In we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transcetters and overthis in prepared that physical price programs of events in a manager that a physical price programs of events in a manager that physical price programs of events in a manager that physical price programs of events in a manager that physical price programs of events in a manager that physical price programs of events in a manager that physical price programs of events of the program of events of the program of events of the price programs.
- transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

transactions and events in a manner trial racineves rial ripresentation. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or

extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"),
issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the
Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified
in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

- In paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, for the extent applicable.

 As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

 (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

 (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by Jaw have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

- Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, statement of changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2014 before the passed by the Board of Directors proceed the directors in a contraction of the directors as on 31st.
- March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".

 With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance
- with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to

 - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements -Refer Note No 30.

 The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

 There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor
 - Education and Protection Fund by the Company

For Gupta Vaish& Co. Chartered Accountants
Registration Number: 005087C

Raiendra Gupta (PARTNER) Place: Kannui Membership Number: 073250 Date: 26-06-2021 UDINNO 21073250AAAACA2566

ANNEXURE-A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT Re: KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021, we report that:

- In respect of its Fixed Assets:
 - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) All the assets have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us and based on the examination of registered sale deed /transfer deed/ conveyance deed and other relevant records evidencing title provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of land and building are held in the name of the company as at the Balance sheet date, except the following:

Particular of land	Gross Block as at 31-03- 2021	Net Block as at 31-03- 2021	Remarks
	Rs.	Rs.	
Freehold land (two cases)	1,55,124	1,55,124	The title deeds of land is held in the erstwhile name of the company - KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED

- ii. In respect of its Inventories:
 - As explained to us, inventories have been physically verified during the year by the management at reasonable intervals and discrepancies noticed on verification between physical stocks and the book records were not material.
- iii. In respect of loans, secured or unsecured, granted by the Company to Companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act 2013, according to the information and explanations given to us:
 - The Company has not granted any loan to Companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore the provisions of paragraph 3 (iii) the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investments made.
- v. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits within the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 . Therefore, the provisions of paragraph (v) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- vi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 the Companies Act, 2013 for the products of the company.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory and other dues:
- (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, Goods & Service Tax, cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it.

- According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, Goods & Service Tax, cess and other statutory dues were in arrear as at 31st March, 2021 for a period more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the records of the company, income tax, sales tax, service tax, custom duty, excise duty or value added tax and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute, are as follows:-

Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount(Rs.)	Period to which the amount Relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Central sales/vat Act	VAT (U.P)	13,50,851	01-04-2011 to 31-03-2012	Additional Commissioner G-2 (Appeal) 2 nd Commercial Tax, Kanpur.

- viii. As the company has no Loan outstanding from Financial institutions, Bank or Debenture holders at any time during the year, the provisions of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are, therefore, not applicable to the company.
- ix. The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loan during the year. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph (ix) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- x. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V to the Act.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph (xii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transaction with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non cash transactions with directors or person connected with them. Accordingly provisions of paragraph (xv) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- xvi. The Company is not required to be registered under 45 –IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For Gupta Vaish& Co. Chartered Accountants Registration Number: 005087C

Place: Kanpur Date: 26-06-2021 Rajendra Gupta (PARTNER) Membership Number: 073250 UDINNO 21073250AAAACA2566

ANNEXURE –"B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31 March 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's

internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinior

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Gupta Vaish& Co. Chartered Accountants Registration Number: 005087C

Place: Kanpur Date: 26-06-2021 Rajendra Gupta (PARTNER) Membership Number: 073250 UDINNO 21073250AAAACA2566

K	KITANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIWITED					
BALANCE SHEET AS	AT 31st MARC	Н, 2021				
			As At	As At		
		NOTES	31.03.2021	31.03.2020		
			Rs.	Rs.		
ASSETS						
Non-Current Assets						
Property, Plant and Equipme	ent	2	85,17,454	94,67,097		
Deferred Tax Assets (net)		11	51,08,149	40,64,700		
			1,36,25,603	1,35,31,797		
Current Assets						
Inventories		3	1,81,232	1,81,232		
Financial Assets:			-,,	1,21,22		
Investments		4	_	10,72,182		
Cash and Cash equivalents		5	62,91,640	54,89,009		
Loans		6	69,00,000	79,00,000		
Current Tax Assets (Net)		7	2,39,699	1,07,954		
Other Current Assets		8	74,17,554	75,09,366		
		•	2,10,30,125	2,22,59,743		
TOTAL			3,46,55,728	3,57,91,540		
		•				
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Equity		_				
Equity Share Capital		9	88,00,500	88,00,500		
Other Equity		10	90,89,991	1,16,89,174		
			1,78,90,491	2,04,89,674		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Financial Liabilities:						
Trade Payables		12	6,40,696	6,80,699		
Other Financial liabilities		13	1,26,66,000	1,20,00,000		
Other Current Liabilities		14	34,58,541	26,21,167		
			1,67,65,237	1,53,01,866		
TOTAL		;	3,46,55,728	3,57,91,540		
Accounting policies and notes	s on financial stater	ments 1 to 30				
As per our report of even date attach	ed					
For Gupta Vaish & Co. Chartered Accountants Registration No. 005087C		DINESH KHANDELWAL (Director- Finance & CFO)		ANDELWAL erson)		
RAJENDRA GUPTA (Partner)	MOHIT SRIVASTAVA (Company Secretary)	V.N. KHANDELWAL (Whole Time Director)	ASHOK (Indeper	GUPTA Ident Director)		
Membership No. 073250						
Place: Kanpur Date: 26.06.2021						
		09				

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2021

	Notes	Year Ended 31.03.2021 Rs.	Year Ended 31.03.2020 Rs.
INCOME			
Revenue from operations	15	_	_
Other Income	16	17,28,640	18,95,909
Total Income		17,28,640	18,95,909
EXPENSES:			
Cost of Materials Consumed (Ricebra	an)	_	-
Changes in inventories of finished sto	ock 17	_	-
Employees Benefits Expense	18	25,86,579	28,56,189
Finance cost	19	7,20,000	10,80,000
Depreciation and amortization expens	se	5,12,078	5,13,929
Other Expenses	20	14,80,433	29,23,626
Total Expenses		52,99,090	73,73,744
Profit/ (Loss) before Tax		(35,70,450)	(54,77,835)
Tax Expenses: Current Tax		_	_
Tax Adjustment of earlier years		2,69,651	4,028
Deferred Tax Credit (Including MAT C	redit Entitlement)	(13,13,100)	(11,54,000)
Profit/ (Loss) for the period		(25,27,001)	(43,27,863)
Other Comprehensive Income	Woor	(25 27 001)	72,182
Total Comprehensive Income for the	-	(25,27,001)	(42,55,681)
Earning per equity share of Rs 10 each		(2.07)	(F 01)
Basic and Diluted	21	(2.97)	(5.01)
Accounting policies and notes on fir statements	1 to 30		
As per our report of even date attached			
For Gupta Vaish & Co. Chartered Accountants Registration No. 005087C	DINESH KHANDE (Director- Finance		I. KHANDELWAL airperson)
RAJENDRA GUPTA MOHIT SRIVAS* (Partner) (Company Secr Membership No. 073250			HOK GUPTA dependent Director)
Place: Kanpur Date: 26.06.2021	[10]		

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2021

A	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATION	NG ACTIVITIES		2020-21 Rs.		2019-20 Rs.
	Net Profit Before Taxation			(35,70,450)		(54,05,653)
	Adjustments for:					
	Interest Income		(16,55,631)		(18,92,788)	
	Dividend Income		_		(3,125)	
	Profit on sale of In	vestment	(72,182)		(72,182)	
	Finance Cost		7,20,000		10,80,000	
	Depreciation		5,12,078	(4,95,735)	5,13,929	(3,74,166)
	Operating Profit before Workin	g Capital changes		(40,66,185)		(57,79,819)
	Adjustments for:					
	` ,	se in Trade & Other Receiva	ables 91,812		(2,68,043)	
	(Increase)/Decrea		_		7,47,418	
		se) in Trade & Other Payable	es 14,63,371	15,55,183	13,80,983	18,60,358
	Cash used in operations			(25,11,002)		(39,19,461)
	Adjusted for:					
	Income Tax Paid (Net)		_	4,75,972	
						4,75,972
	Net Cash used in Operating Ac	tivities		(25,11,002)		(34,43,489)
В	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING	A CTIVITIES				
	Sale of Assets	ACTIVITIES		4,37,565		
	Purchase of Inves	tmente		4,37,303		(10,00,000)
	Dividend Received			_		3,125
	Interest Received			15,23,886		16,81,489
	Recovery of Loan	(Not of 1BO)		10,00,000		21,00,000
	Net Cash from Investing Activi	ties		29,61,451		27,84,614
	Net out in investing Activi			20,01,401		21,04,014
С	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING	G ACTIVITIES				
	Sale of Investmen	t		10,72,182		_
	Interest paid inclu	ding Dividend and Dividend	Tax	(7,20,000)		(10,80,000)
	Net Cash from Financing Activ	ities		3,52,182		(10,80,000)
	Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cas	sh & Cash equivalents		8,02,631		(17,38,875)
	(A)+(B)+(C)			54.00.000		70.07.004
	Opening Balance of Cash & Ca			54,89,009		72,27,884
	Closing Balance of Cash & Cas	sh Equivalents		62,91,640		54,89,009
,	As per our report attached					
	For Gupta Vaish & Co.					
	Chartered Accountants		DINESH KHANDE	LWAL	K.N. KHANDE	LWAL
ı	Registration No. 005087C		(Director- Finance		(Chairperson	
				-	•	
	RAJENDRA GUPTA	MOHIT SRIVASTAVA	V.N. KHANDELWA		ASHOK GUP	
	Partner)	(Company Secretary)	(Whole Time Direct	ctor)	(Independent	Director)
	Membership No. 073250					
	Place: Kanpur					
l	Date: 26.06.2021		_			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31st March,2021

A. Equity Share Capital (In Rs.)

<u> </u>		
Balance at the beginning of the	Changes in equity	Balance at the
Reporting Period i.e. 01st April, 2020	share capital during the year 2020-21	end of the Reporting Period i.e. 31st
		March, 2021
		March, 2021
88,00,500	-	88,00,500

	Capital Redemption Reserve	General Reserve		Other Comprehensive Income	Total
As on 31st March, 2021					
Balance as at 1st April, 2020	50,00,000	96,25,000	(30,08,008)	72,182	1,16,89,174
Profit/(Loss) for the year	ı	-	(25,27,001)	(72,182)	(25,99,183)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	1	-	=	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	50,00,000	96,25,000	(55,35,009)	-	90,89,991

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2021

Note 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Khandelwal Extractions Limited (the "Company") is a company domiciled in India and limited by shares (CIN: L24241UP1981PLC005282). The shares of the company are publicly traded on the BSE Limited. The address of the company's registered office is 51/47, $3^{\rm rd}$ floor, Kesharwani Bhawan, Nayaganj, Kanpur-208001. The company is primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sale of solvent oil.

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

1.2 Current and non-current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when:

- it expects to realise the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle:
- (b) it holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (c) it expects to realise the asset within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (d) the asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in Ind AS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

An entity shall classify a liability as current when:

- (a) it expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle;
- (b) it holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (c) the liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (d) it does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

1.3 Revenue recognition

1.3.1 Sales revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- the entity has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the entity retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (c) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- (d) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes, levies or duties collected on behalf of the government/other statutory bodies.

The taxes, levies or duties are not considered to be received by the Company on its own account and are excluded from net revenue.

1.3.2 Interest

Interest income is recognised using the Effective Interest Method.

1.3.3 Dividend

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the rights to receive payment is established.

1.3.4 Other Claims

Other claims (including interest on delayed realization from customers) are accounted for, when there is certainty of realisation.

_1.4 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Land is carried at historical cost. Historical cost includes expenditure which are directly attributable to the acquisition of the land like, rehabilitation expenses, resettlement cost etc.

After recognition, an item of all other Property, plant and equipment are carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses under Cost Model. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:

- its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- (b) any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- (c) the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.

Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item depreciated separately. However, significant part(s) of an item of PPE having same useful life and depreciation method are grouped together in determining the depreciation charge.

Costs of the day to-day servicing described as for the 'repairs and maintenance' are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which the same are incurred.

Subsequent Measurement

Subsequent cost of replacing parts of an item of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the carrying amount of the item, if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company; and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognised in accordance with the derecognition policy mentioned below.

When major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the item of property, plant and equipment as a replacement if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company; and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Any remaining carrying amount of the cost of the previous inspection (as distinct from physical parts) is derecognised.

An item of Property, plant or equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from the continued use of assets. Any gain or loss arising on such de recognition of an item of property plant and equipment is recognised in profit and Loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment, except freehold land, is provided on straight line method based on useful life specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The residual value of Property, plant and equipment is considered as 5% of the original cost of the asset.

Depreciation on the assets added / disposed of during the year is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the month of addition / disposal.

Capital Expenses incurred by the company on construction/development of certain assets which are essential for production, supply of goods or for the access to any existing Assets of the company are recognised as Enabling Assets under Property, Plant and Equipment.

Transition to Ind AS

The company elected to continue with the carrying value as per cost model (for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS (01-04-2017), measured as per the previous GAAP.

1.5 Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

With regard to trade receivable, the Company applies the simplified approach as permitted by Ind AS 109, *Financial Instruments*, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from the initial recognition of the trade receivables.

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.6 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

1.6.1 Financial assets

1.6.1 Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

1.6.2 Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

1.6.3 Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

With regard to trade receivable, the Company applies the simplified approach as permitted by Ind AS 109, *Financial Instruments*, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from the initial recognition of the trade receivables.

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable

amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.6.4 Financial liabilities

1.6.4.1 Initial recognition and measurement

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

1.6.4.2 Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

1.6.4.3 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCl. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

1.6.5 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

1.7 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are expensed as incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets i.e. the assets that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use, in which case they are capitalised as part of the cost of those asset up to the date when the qualifying asset is ready for its intended use.

1.8 Tax Expenses

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or in equity. In which case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive Income or equity.

Current Tax:

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred Tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit

1.9 Employee Benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided. The company has following defined contribution plans:

- a) Provident fund
- b) Superannuation scheme

(iii) Defined benefit plans

The company net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in Other Comprehensive Income. Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset), to the net defined liability (asset) at the start of the financial year after taking into account any changes as a result of contribution and benefit payments during the year. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

The company has following defined benefit plans:

a) Gratuity

The company provides for its gratuity liability based on actuarial valuation of the gratuity liability as at the Balance Sheet date, based on Projected Unit Credit Method, carried out by an independent actuary and contributes to the gratuity fund of the company. The contributions made are recognized as plan assets. The defined benefit obligation as reduced by fair value of plan assets is recognized in the Balance Sheet. Re-measurements are recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income, net of tax in the year in which they arise.

1.10 Foreign Currency Transactions

The company's reported currency and the functional currency for majority of its operations is in Indian Rupees (INR) being the principal currency of the economic environment in which it operates.

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into the reported currency of the company using the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies outstanding at the end of the reporting period are translated at the exchange rates prevailing as at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary assets and liabilities or on translating monetary assets and liabilities or

rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous financial statements are recognised in statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are valued at the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction date.

1.11 Inventories

i) Inventories are valued as follows:

Raw materials, packing materials, stores and spares	Lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by using First in First Out (FIFO) method . Materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below costs, if finished goods in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost
Work-in-progress, finished goods and traded goods	Lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes direct materials, labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads. Cost of finished goods includes excise duty, wherever applicable.
Waste	At net realisable value

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and to make the sale.

- Work-in-progress, finished goods and traded goods have been valued as per the principles and basis consistently followed.
- Provision for obsolete/ old inventories is made, wherever required.

1.12 Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

1.13 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities & Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

All provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future uncertain events not wholly within the control of the company, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and its recognition is appropriate.

1.14 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per shares is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per shares and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.15 Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and

the amount of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Applications of accounting policies involving complex and subjective judgements and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimate are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

1.15.1 Judgements

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

1.15.1.1 Formulation of Accounting Policies

Accounting policies are formulated in a manner that result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about the transactions, other events and conditions to which they apply. Those policies need not be applied when the effect of applying them is immaterial

In the absence of an Ind AS that specifically applies to a transaction, other event or condition, management has used its judgement in developing and applying an accounting policy that results in information that is:

- a) relevant to the economic decision-making needs of users and
- b) reliable in that financial statements:
 - (i) represent faithfully the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the entity; (ii) reflect the economic substance of transactions, other events and conditions, and not merely the legal form; (iii) are neutral, i.e. free from bias; (iv) are prudent; and (v) are complete in all material respects on a consistent basis.

In making the judgement management refers to, and considers the applicability of, the following sources in descending order:

(a) the requirements in Ind ASs dealing with similar and related issues; and

(b) the definitions, recognition criteria and measurement concepts for assets, liabilities, income and expenses in the Framework.

In making the judgement, management considers the most recent pronouncements of International Accounting Standards Board and in absence thereof those of the other standard-setting bodies that use a similar conceptual framework to develop accounting standards, other accounting literature and accepted industry practices, to the extent that these do not conflict with the sources in above paragraph.

1.15.1.2 Materiality

Ind AS applies to items which are material. Management uses judgment in deciding whether individual items or groups of item are material in the financial statements. Materiality is judged by reference to the size and nature of the item. The deciding factor is whether omission or misstatement could individually or collectively influence the economic decisions that users make on the basis of the financial statements. Management also uses judgement of materiality for determining the compliance requirement of the Ind AS. In particular circumstances either the nature or the amount of an item or aggregate of items could be the determining factor. Further an entity may also be required to present separately immaterial items when required by law.

1.15.2 Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The

Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

1.15.2.1 Impairment of non-financial assets

There is an indication of impairment if, the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Company considers individual PPE as separate cash generating units for the purpose of test of impairment. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model. The cash flows are derived from the budget for the next five years and do not include restructuring activities that the Company is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

1.15.2.2 Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

1.15.2.3 Defined benefit plans

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other postemployment medical benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates.

Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated in India, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation.

1.15.2.4 Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

a.	CGU	Cash generating unit
b.	DCF	Discounted Cash Flow
c.	FVTOCI	Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income
d.	FVTPL	Fair value through Profit & Loss
e.	GAAP	Generally accepted accounting principal
f.	Ind AS	Indian Accounting Standards
g.	OCI	Other Comprehensive Income
h.	P&L	Profit and Loss
i.	PPE	Property, Plant and Equipment

NON-CURRENT ASSETS 2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(In Rs.)

	Gross Block						
Particulars	Opening Balance as on 01.04.2019	Additions made during the year	Deletions made during the year	Balance as on 31.03.2020	Additions made during the year	Deletions made during the year	Balance as on 31.03.2021
Tangible Assets							
Freehold Land	5,46,002	-	-	5,46,002	-	-	5,46,002
Factory Buildings	1,03,01,014	-	-	1,03,01,014	-	-	1,03,01,014
Plant and equipments	1,92,94,486	-	-	1,92,94,486	-	4,37,565	1,88,56,921
Furniture and Fixtures	1,57,128	-	-	1,57,128	-	-	1,57,128
Vehicles	15,33,541	,	-	15,33,541	-	-	15,33,541
TOTAL	3,18,32,171	•	-	3,18,32,171	-	4,37,565	3,13,94,606

		Depreciation Block						
Particulars	Upto 31.03.2019	Depreciation for the year	Adjustments during the year	Upto 31.03.2020	Depreciation for the year	Adjustments during the year	Upto 31.03.2021	
Tangible Assets								
Freehold Land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Factory Buildings	50,73,965	1,96,692	-	52,70,657	1,96,692	-	54,67,349	
Plant and equipments	1,60,83,397	1,70,237	-	1,62,53,634	1,68,386	-	1,64,22,020	
Furniture and Fixtures	1,55,803	-	-	1,55,803	-	-	1,55,803	
Vehicles	5,37,980	1,47,000	-	6,84,980	1,47,000	-	8,31,980	
TOTAL	2,18,51,145	5,13,929	-	2,23,65,074	5,12,078	-	2,28,77,152	

	Net Block				
Particulars	As at 31st March	As at 31st			
	2021	March 2020			
Tangible Assets					
Freehold Land	5,46,002	5,46,002			
Factory Buildings	48,33,665	50,30,357			
Plant and equipments	24,34,901	30,40,852			
Furniture and Fixtures	1,325	1,325			
Vehicles	7,01,561	8,48,561			
TOTAL	85,17,454	94,67,097			

Note: The title deed of immovable property included in property plant & equipment are held in the name of company except the following:

Particulars of Immovable Property	Gross Block as at 31-03-2021	Net Block as at 31-03-2021	Remarks
Freehold land (two cases)	155124	15512/	The title deeds of land is held in the erstwhile name of the company - KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED

Note : The cost of Plant & Machinery sold is not ascertainable and therefore total value of sale proceeds has been deducted.

KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED				
CURRENT ASSETS	As At 31.03.2021	As At 31.03.2020		
3 INVENTORIES:	Rs.	Rs.		
(Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)				
Finished Goods	98,669	98,669		
Consumable Stores & Spares	82,563	82,563		
	1,81,232	1,81,232		
4 INVESTMENTS:				
ICICI Prudential Ultra Short Term Fund	<u> </u>	10,72,182		
		10,72,182		
5 CASH & BANK BALANCES :				
Balance In Current accounts	12,42,511	19,56,782		
Other Bank Balances	50,00,000	35,00,000		
Cash on hands	49,129	32,227		
	62,91,640	54,89,009		
6 LOANS:	CO OO OOO	70.00.000		
Unsecured Considered Good	69,00,000 69,00,000	79,00,000 79,00,000		
	09,00,000	79,00,000		
7 CURRENT TAX ASSETS:				
Income Tax Advance	1,31,745	_		
Income Tax recoverable	1,07,954	1,07,954		
	2,39,699	1,07,954		
8 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS:				
Security Deposit	4,22,003	5,70,418		
Vat Recoverable	29,99,988	29,99,988		
Vat Disputed Tax Deposited	3,20,000	_		
GST Recoverable	33,70,859	32,99,748		
Interest Receivables	1,16,945	4,51,453		
Other Advances	<u>1,87,759</u> 74,17,554	1,87,759 75,09,366		
	74,17,334	75,09,300		
9 SHARE CAPITAL:				
AUTHORISED: 1000000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000		
Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs 100/- each	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000		
40000 12%	40,00,000	40,00,000		
10000 10%	10,00,000	10,00,000		
50000 10.5%	50,00,000	50,00,000		
	2,00,00,000	2,00,00,000		
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED & PAID UP				
850100 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	85,01,000	85,01,000		
Equity Shares Forfeiture A/c	2,99,500	2,99,500		
	88,00,500	88,00,500		
The Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the k				
Particulars	No. of Shares	No. of Shares		
Equity Shares at the Beginning of the year	8,50,100	8,50,100		
Equity Shares at the end of the year	8,50,100	8,50,100		
Details Of Shareholders Holding More Than 5 % Shares				
Equity Shares	NIL	NIL		
_qa, Onaroo	IVIL	141		

	KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED					
		As At 31.03.2021 Rs.	As At 31.03.2020 Rs.			
10	OTHER EQUITY:					
а	CAPITAL REDEMPTION RESERVE	E0 00 000	E0 00 000			
	Balance at the beginning of the year Balance at the end of the year	<u>50,00,000</u> 50,00,000	<u>50,00,000</u> 50,00,000			
	balance at the end of the year	50,00,000	30,00,000			
b	GENERAL RESERVE					
	Balance at the beginning of the year	96,25,000	96,25,000			
	Balance at the end of the year	96,25,000	96,25,000			
С	Other Comprehensive Income					
	Balance at the begining of the year	72,182	_			
	Add: Fair Value change on Equity instrument through Other		70 100			
	Comprehensive Income	-	72,182			
	Less: Reclassified to Statement of Profit & Loss A/c on	70.400				
	disposal	72,182	72.182			
	Balance at the end of the Year	-	72,182			
d	Retained Earnings					
	Balance at the beginning of the year	(30,08,008)	13,19,855			
	Add: Total Comprehensive Income for the year	(25,27,001)	(43,27,863)			
	Balance at the end of the year	(55,35,009)	(30,08,008)			
		90,89,991	1,16,89,174			
	NOTES TO OTHER EQUITY:					
10.1	Capital Redemption Reserve represents amount of Preference Capital r	redeemed.				
10.2	General Reserve is the free reserve arising out of profit/loss earned by tappropriations till date.	the Company after				
10.3	Retained Earnings represents the cumulative loss of the Company.					
	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES					
11	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)					
	Balance at the beginning of the year	(40,64,700)	(29,10,700)			
	Charge/Credit to statement of Profit/Loss	<u>(10,43,449)</u>	(11,54,000)			
	Balance at the end of the year	(51,08,149)	(40,64,700)			
	Component of Deferred Tax Liability/Asset					
	Deferred Tax Liability/(Asset) in relation to					
	Property, Plant & Equipment	14,29,200	15,76,800			
	Items under the Income Tax act which will be allowed on					
	actual payment	-	(1,800)			
	Unabsorbed Business Losses & Depreciation	(56,57,000)	(44,89,700)			
	MAT Credit Entitlement	(8,80,349)	(11,50,000)			
		(51,08,149)	(40,64,700)			
	Note-					
	There will be available future tayable profit against which unused tay loss	one and unused tax credit on	n ha utiliaad			

There will be available future taxable profit against which unused tax losses and unused tax credit can be utilised.

As At		KHANDELWAL EXTRA	ACTIONS LIMITED —	
To Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises To Others 6,40,696 6,80,699 6,40,696 6,80,699 6,40,696 6,80,699 6,40,696 6,80,699 6,40,696 6,80,699 6,40,696 6,80,699 6,40,696 6,80,699 6,40,696 6,80,699 6,40,696 6,80,699 6,40,696 6,80,699 6,40,696 6,80,699 6,80,699 6,80,699 6,80,699 6,80,699 6,80,699 6,80,699 6,80,699 6,80,690 6,80,699 6,			31.03.2021	31.03.2020
To Others	12	TRADE PAYABLES		
Based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of suppliers as defined under MSMED Act, 2006, there was no principal amount overdue and no interest was payable to the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises on 31st March, 2021 as per the terms of contract. 13 OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		To Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises		_
Based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of suppliers as defined under MSMED Act, 2006, there was no principal amount overdue and no interest was payable to the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises on 31st March, 2021 as per the terms of contract. 13 OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES Unsecured loans from related parties 1,20,00,000 1,20,00,000 Interest Accrued and due 6,66,000 — Payable to related party 30,41,840 19,22,200 Other Payable 4,16,701 6,99,967 34,58,541 26,21,167 As At 31,03,2021 31,03,2020 Res. Res. (a) Sale of products — — (b) Other Operating Revenues — — Interest Income 16,55,631 18,92,784 Dividend — 3,125 Profit on sale of investment 73,009 — TOHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS: Stock at Commencement 98,669 98,669 Stock at Close 98,669 98,669 98,669		To Others		
MSMED Act, 2006, there was no principal amount overdue and no interest was payable to the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises on 31st March, 2021 as per the terms of contract. 13 OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES Unsecured loans from related parties			6,40,696	6,80,699
Unsecured loans from related parties		MSMED Act, 2006, there was no principal amount of	verdue and no interest was p	
Interest Accrued and due	13			
1,26,66,000		•		1,20,00,000
14 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Payable to related party 30,41,840 19,22,200 Other Payable 4,16,701 6,98,967 34,58,541 26,21,167 As At 31.03.2021 31.03.2020 Rs. Rs. (a) Sale of products — — (b) Other Operating Revenues — — — — — Interest Income 16,55,631 18,92,784 Dividend — 3,125 Profit on sale of investment 73,009 — 17,28,640 18,95,909 17 CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS: Stock at Commencement 98,669 98,669 Stock at Close 98,669 98,669		interest Accrued and due		1.20.00.000
15 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS: 31.03.2021 Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs.	14	Payable to related party	4,16,701	6,98,967
Interest Income 16,55,631 18,92,784 Dividend — 3,125 Profit on sale of investment 73,009 — 17,28,640 18,95,909 17 CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS: Stock at Commencement 98,669 98,669 Stock at Close 98,669 98,669	15	(a) Sale of products	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
Dividend — 3,125 Profit on sale of investment 73,009 — 17,28,640 18,95,909 17 CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS: Stock at Commencement 98,669 98,669 Stock at Close 98,669 98,669 98,669 98,669	16	OTHER INCOME:		
Profit on sale of investment 73,009 — 17,28,640 18,95,909 17 CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS: Stock at Commencement Stock at Close 98,669 98,669 98,669 Stock at Close 98,669 98,669			16,55,631	
17 CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS: 18,95,909 Stock at Commencement 98,669 98,669 Stock at Close 98,669 98,669			- 73 000	3,125
Stock at Commencement 98,669 98,669 Stock at Close 98,669 98,669		Tront on sale of investment		18,95,909
Stock at Commencement 98,669 98,669 Stock at Close 98,669 98,669	17	CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS:		
			98,669	98,669
(Increase)/Decrease			98,669	98,669
		(Increase)/Decrease	<u></u>	

KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED					
		As At 31.03.2021 Rs.	As At 31.03.2020 Rs.		
18	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE:				
	Salaries & Wages	23,61,437	25,84,897		
	Contribution To Provident and Other Funds	1,69,397	1,96,782		
	Staff Welfare Expense	55,745	74,510		
		25,86,579	28,56,189		
19	FINANCE COST:				
	Interest on Borrowings	7,20,000	10,80,000		
	interest on Borrowings	7,20,000	10,80,000		
20	OTHER EXPENSES:				
	ADMINISTARTIVE EXPENSES				
	Insurance	_	59,273		
	Rates & Taxes	3,00,000	3,00,000		
	Repairs to Buildings	71,750	3,04,289		
	Electricity Expenses	1,91,812	4,86,097		
	Rent	30,000	30,000		
	Miscellaneous Expenses	8,68,871	17,25,967		
		14,62,433	29,05,626		
	DEMUNERATION TO AUDITORS				
	REMUNERATION TO AUDITORS	40.000	10.000		
	Audit Fees	18,000	18,000		
		18,000	18,000		
		14,80,433	29,23,626		
					
21	EARNINGS PER SHARE:				
	Net Profit available to equity shareholders (used as numerator for calculating	(25,27,001)	(42,55,681)		
	Basic & Diluted EPS)				
	Number of equity shares (used as denominator for	8,50,100	8,50,100		
	calculating Basic & Diluted EPS)				
	Basic and Diluted Earning per share of Rs. 10/-	(2.97)	(5.01)		
22	Balances of Loans, other Current Assets and Trade P	avbles are subject to	reconciliation and		
	confirmation.	a, 2,00 a, 0 oabjoot to			

23 a) Defined Contribution Plan

Contribution to defined contribution plan recognised as expenses for the year 2020-21 are as under

2020-21 2019-20 Rs. Rs. 1,66,080 1,87,146

Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund

b) Defined Benefit Plan

The Employees Gratuity Fund Scheme managed by L.I.C. is Defined Benefit Plan. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation provided by L.I.C.

Disclosure in terms of Ind As -19 issued by the Institute Of Chartered Accountants Of India has not been given as required details have not been provided by the Life Insurance Corporation Of India

24 Related Party Disclosures:

a) Related Party disclosures as required under Section 188 of The Companies Act, 2013 – (with whom transactions made)

Key Management Personnel and their relatives :

V.N. Khandelwal Whole-time Director (Works) Sudhir Kumar Khandelwal Relative Dinesh Khandelwal Whole-time Director (Finance) & CFO Anil Khandelwal Relative

K.N. Khandelwal Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

Key Management Personnel:

Surabhi Pasari Company Secretary Resigned w.e.f 11.02.2021 Mohit Srivastava Company Secretary Appointed w.e.f 12.02.2021

Independent Directors:

Ashok Gupta Atul Bagla
Anil Kamthan Rekha Kejriwal

b) The following transactions were carried with persons referred above in the ordinary course of business:

	2020-21	2019-20
	Rs.	Rs.
Directors Sitting Fee- Non-Executive Non-Independent Director	11,000	10,000
Independent Directors	31,000	28,000
Remuneration	16,46,797	17,06,400
Unsecured Loan and Deposits		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,20,00,000	1,20,00,000
Amount paid during the year	_	_
Amount received during the year	_	_
Balance at the end of the year	1,20,00,000	1,20,00,000
Interest Paid/ credited during the year	7,20,000	10,80,000

Note: Related Parties relationship is as identified by the Company and relied upon by the auditors.

- 25 Manufacturing operations at Akrampur Magarwara factory had been closed on 1 November 2018. There is significant doubt upon the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, as the Company has planned to sell or lease or otherwise dispose off the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking situated at Akrampur-Magarwara, Distt. Unnao. However, the management is of the opinion that realizable value of all assets is not lower than the amount appearing in the books and therefore there is no need to provide for any impairment loss.
- 26 The Government of India on September 20, 2019, vide the Taxation Law (Amendment) Ordinance 2019, inserted a new section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act,1961, which provides domestic companies a non-reversible option to pay Corporate tax at reduced rate effective, April 1 2019, subject to certain conditions. The company is continuing to provide for income tax at old rates, based on the available unutilised minimum alternative tax credit.
- 27 There is no impact of COVID 19 on the financial statements .

28 Approval of Financial Statements:

The Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26.06.2021.

29	CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
		Rs.	Rs.
	Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts.	5,20,951	5,20,951
	VAT Disputed Liability Assessment Year 2011-12 of which appeal is		
	pending with Additional Commissioner Gr-2 (Appeal) Commercial Tax,		
	Kanpur.	16,70,851	_

30 Figures of previous year have been regrouped, recasted and restated to conform to the layout of the accounts for the current year.

KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED
(CIN:L24241UP1981PLC005282)

	Mobile : 9415330630 Attendance Slip		
I/Mo horoby record my/our proce	ence at the 39 th Annual General Meeting	of the Company to be h	old on Saturday 2
September 2021, at 4.00 P.M at 50) MIG Bungalow, W Block, Keshav Nagar, I	Kanpur 208014.	eld Off Saturday, 25
Member's Folio No./BOID	Member's/Proxy's name In Block Letters	Member's /Prox	
Note: Please complete the Folio OF THE MEETING HALL.	No. /BOID and name, sign this Attend	ance Slip and hand it ov	er at the ENTRANC
	PROXY FORM		
Name of the member(s):			
Registered address:			
E-mail ID			
Folio No./BOID:			
I/We being the member(s) holding	shares of Khandelwal Extractions Limi	ited hereby appoint:	
1 Name	Address		
E-mail id	Signature	Or failing hir	n;
2 Name	Address		
E-mail id	. Signature	Or failing hir	n;
3 Name	Address		
E-mail id	Signature		
s my/our proxy to attend and vote (or e held at 50 MIG Bungalow, W Bloc my adjournment thereof in respect	n a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at th k, Keshav Nagar, Kanpur, 208014 on Sat of such resolutions as indicated below:		ting of the Company to 21 at 4.00 p.m. and a
Resolution No.	RESOLUTIONS	Ontio	
Resolution No.	RESOLUTIONS	•	onal (✓)
Ordinary Business 1. Adoption of Audited Financial S	Statements & Reports of the Directors and	Optio For	nal (✓) Against
Ordinary Business Adoption of Audited Financial S Auditors for the year ended 31	Statements & Reports of the Directors and	•	
Adoption of Audited Financial S Auditors for the year ended 31 Re-appointment of Mr. Dinesh	Statements & Reports of the Directors and st March, 2021 Khandelwal who retires by rotation.	•	
Ordinary Business Adoption of Audited Financial S Auditors for the year ended 31	Statements & Reports of the Directors and st March, 2021 Khandelwal who retires by rotation.	•	
Adoption of Audited Financial S Auditors for the year ended 31 st Re-appointment of Mr. Dinesh Special Business/Special Resolution	Statements & Reports of the Directors and st March, 2021 Khandelwal who retires by rotation.	•	
Adoption of Audited Financial S Auditors for the year ended 31 st Re-appointment of Mr. Dinesh Special Business/Special Resolution	Statements & Reports of the Directors and st March, 2021 Khandelwal who retires by rotation.	•	Against
Ordinary Business 1. Adoption of Audited Financial S Auditors for the year ended 31 Re-appointment of Mr. Dinesh Special Business/Special Resolution	Statements & Reports of the Directors and st March, 2021 Khandelwal who retires by rotation. on 66 of the Companies Act, 2013.	For	Against

For the Resolutions, Explanatory Statement and Notes please refer to the Notice of the 39th Annual General Meeting.

